**2024—2025学年度高二12月联考**

**英语试题**

**考试时间为120分钟，满分150分**

**考生注意：**

**1.答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。**

**2.回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。**

**3.考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。**

**第一部分 听力(共两节，满分30分)**

**做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。**

**第一节(共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分)**

**听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。**

1. When will the speakers see the movie?

A. At 7:00 p. m. B. At 6:00 p. m. C. At 5:00 p. m.

2. What does the woman want to do?

A. Go to the concert.

B. Meet the man's brother.

C. Perform with her favorite band.

3. What will the speakers probably do on Saturday?

A. Borrow books. B. Attend a book sale. C. Visit a children's park.

4. Where are the speakers most probably?

A. At a library. B. In a classroom. C. At a bookstore.

5. Why does the woman seldom play tennis?

A. She has no time. B. She finds it tiring. C. She fails to find a partner.

**第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)**

**听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。**

**听第6段材料，回答第6至7题。**

6. What are the speakers talking about?

A Means of transport. B. Holiday plans. C. Family information.

7. What is the woman eager to do?

A. To travel by plane. B. To meet the host family. C. To see the koalas.

**听第7段材料，回答第8至10题。**

8. How does the man feel about building model trains and cars?

A. Boring. B. Enjoyable. C. Annoying.

9. What is the speakers' common hobby?

A. Singing. B. Swimming. C. Playing music.

10. What will the speakers do next?

A. Fly the kite. B. Go jogging. C. Build models.

**听第8段材料，回答第11 至13题。**

11. What did Mrs. Hill decide to do after seeing that woman?

A. Go to talk to her. B. Help with her work. C. Give away some coats.

12. How did Mrs. Hill's colleagues react to her behavior?

A. They ignored it. B. They supported it. C. They disliked it.

13. Who is Mrs. Hill probably talking to?

A. A show host. B. A shop assistant. C. A street cleaner.

**听第9段材料，回答第14至17题。**

14. What kind of people can live longer and happier?

A. Those who are close to the Internet.

B. Those who can learn to live with stress.

C. Those who have close interpersonal relationship.

15. Why is the man giving the woman the information?

A. They had a conversation on this topic before.

B. She is reading books on this subject.

C. He is giving her tasks.

16. Which part of personal development has the woman focused on?

A. Sleep. B. Diet. C. Physical exercise.

17. What has the woman always wanted to do?

A. Get a pet.

B. Cook for friends regularly.

C. Do weekly video calls with family.

**听第10段材料，回答第18至20题。**

18. What does the speaker do?

A. He is a TV producer. B. He is a politician. C. He is a scientist.

19. Where did the speaker do the task?

A. In a boat. B. At a university. C. At a TV station.

20. Why are the sharks returning?

A. There is more food to eat.

B. The water quality is better.

C. There are fewer people to hunt them.

**第二部分 阅读理解(共两节，满分50分)**

**第一节(共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分)**

**阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。**

**A**

Yeouido Hangang Park, along the banks of Han River, is in the heart of Seoul. This city park offers activities and attractions for all kinds of travelers, from quiet river walks to crowded festivals, which will keep you entertained throughout the day.

Cycling and Walking Trails

One of the best ways to explore Yeouido Hangang Park is by cycling. The park features well-maintained cycling paths that offer scenic views of the Han River. Bicycles can be rented near the park entrance. If cycling isn’t your thing, there are plenty of walking trails through greenery and along the riverside.

Picnic Spots

Yeouido Hangang Park has many picnic spots for a relaxed afternoon. It’s common for locals to bring along a picnic mat, some snacks, and enjoy a dinner by the riverbank. The park’s quiet environment makes it a perfect spot for taking in the natural beauty.

The Han River Cruise ship (游船)

Riding the Moonlight Han River Cruise is undoubtedly a romantic way to enjoy Yeouido Hangang Park at night. For just ₩28,500 you get to have an unforgettable experience under the twinkling stars as your cruise passes by the Banpo Bridge.

Cherry Blossom (樱花) Festival

The annual Cherry Blossom Festival attracts thousands of visitors who come to witness the park’s cherry trees in full bloom. The festival features traditional cultural performances, food stalls (小吃摊), and various activities that celebrate the arrival of spring.

Getting to Yeouido Hangang Park

Reaching Yeouido Hangang Park is easy, thanks to Seoul’s good transport system. The most convenient way is to take the subway, where you can get off at Yeouinaru Station. From there, it’s a short walk to the park’s entrance. Several bus routes also serve the area, making it accessible from different parts of the city.

1. Where can people enjoy an outdoor picnic in the park?

A. Near the park entrance. B. Along the cycling paths.

C. On the cruise ship. D. Beside the Han River.

2. In which activity can visitors experience local culture in the park?

A. The Cherry Blossom Festival. B. The Moonlight Han River Cruise.

C. Scenic cycling and walking trails. D. Cooking dinner by the riverbank.

3. How can visitors reach Yeouido Hangang Park from Yeouinaru Station?

A. By taxi. B. By bus. C. On foot. D. By subway.

【答案】1. D 2. A 3. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了位于首尔市中心的汝矣岛汉江公园，包括公园内的活动、景点、设施以及如何到达公园等信息，旨在为读者提供有关该公园的全面介绍和旅行建议。

【1题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第三段“Yeouido Hangang Park has many picnic spots for a relaxed afternoon. It’s common for locals to bring along a picnic mat, some snacks, and enjoy a dinner by the riverbank. (汝矣岛汉江公园有许多适合悠闲午后的野餐地点。当地人经常会带上野餐垫，带些零食，然后在河岸边享用晚餐)”可知，人们可以在汉江旁边享受户外野餐。故选D。

【2题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第五段“The annual Cherry Blossom Festival attracts thousands of visitors who come to witness the park’s cherry trees in full bloom. The festival features traditional cultural performances, food stalls (小吃摊), and various activities that celebrate the arrival of spring.(一年一度的樱花节吸引了成千上万名游客前来观赏公园内盛开的樱花树。节日期间会有传统文化表演、食品摊位和各种庆祝春天到来的活动)”可知，游客可以在樱花节期间体验当地文化。故选A。

【3题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章最后一段“Reaching Yeouido Hangang Park is easy, thanks to Seoul’s good transport system. The most convenient way is to take the subway, where you can get off at Yeouinaru Station. From there, it’s a short walk to the park’s entrance.(得益于首尔发达的交通系统，到达汝矣岛汉江公园十分便捷。最方便的方式是乘坐地铁，在汝矣渡口站下车。从那里步行一小段路即可到达公园入口)”可知，游客从汝矣渡口站步行到达汝矣岛汉江公园。故选C。

**B**

Maureen Stanko always felt her son, Nick, had so much to give. Nick is 20 and is on the autism spectrum (自闭症) and despite her knowing he had so much to give, what he would do after graduation kept his mom up at night. In Pennsylvania, where they live, students with disabilities can stay in school until they are 22 years old. Stanko says she’s heard from many parents of kids with disabilities that they worry about their kids’ futures.

Stanko brought the worry to Nick’s doctor, Tyler Kammerle, who told her he had a goal of opening a restaurant to employ people with disabilities. They teamed up with philanthropist (慈善家) Kathy Opperman to make that dream a reality.

They opened the So Much To Give Inclusive Cafe in Cedars, Pennsylvania in January 2023. They employ 63 people — 80% of employees have a disability — and they work as greeters, food runners, chefs, dishwashers and servers.

Stanko didn’t know if Nick would be able to work at the cafe. But he goes beyond her expectations and helps out at the cafe before it opens, setting up the tables before diners arrive. “I actually brought him here on Wednesday because his school was closed and he set this entire room up without me saying a word,” she said. “And the level of pride in him was just incredible.”

Stanko didn’t stop at the cafe. Her dream was to create a space to teach people with disabilities. So, across the street, she opened up the Inspiration Studio, where they teach music, life skills, crafts and other classes for people with disabilities.

Stanko says she couldn’t have done it all without her team and the donors who helped make both of the spaces possible. “I did originally think that So Much To Give was all about Nick and others with different abilities,” she said. “But what I’ve learned through this whole process is that it’s not just about Nick and other people with disabilities. Everybody has so much to give.”

4. What was Maureen Stanko’s initial concern for her son Nick?

A. His disease diagnosis. B. His future after graduation.

C. Finding a good doctor for him. D. Figuring out his personality.

5. How did Nick feel about working at the cafe?

A. Stressed. B. Challenging. C. Pleasant. D. Realistic.

6. Why did Stanko open up the Inspiration Studio for individuals with disabilities?

A. To create opportunities of work for them.

B. To enhance the educational environment.

C. To allow them to get mental health services.

D. To support them in their learning journey.

7. What did Stanko learn through the process?

A. The importance of having a backup plan.

B. The limitations of people with disabilities.

C. The necessity of more funding for such projects.

D. The universal potential in everyone to contribute.

【答案】4. B 5. C 6. D 7. D

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章通过讲述Maureen Stanko和她儿子Nick的故事，以及他们为了创造包容性工作环境和教育空间所做的努力，展现了母子俩的奋斗历程和积极影响。

【4题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第一段“Nick is 20 and is on the autism spectrum (自闭症) and despite her knowing he had so much to give, what he would do after graduation kept his mom up at night.(Nick今年20岁，患有自闭症。尽管她知道他有很多潜力，但他毕业后会做什么却让她夜不能寐)”可知，Maureen Stanko最担心的是Nick毕业后会做什么，即他的未来。故选B。

【5题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章第四段“But he goes beyond her expectations and helps out at the cafe before it opens, setting up the tables before diners arrive. “I actually brought him here on Wednesday because his school was closed and he set this entire room up without me saying a word,” she said. “And the level of pride in him was just incredible.”(但他超出了她的期望，甚至在咖啡馆开门前就来帮忙，在食客到来前摆好桌子。“我实际上是在星期三带他来的，因为他的学校放假了，他不用我说一句话就把整个房间布置好了，”她说。“他心中的自豪感简直令人难以置信。”)”可知，Nick在咖啡馆工作得非常积极，甚至超出了母亲的期望，他在咖啡馆开门前就来帮忙，布置桌子等，他的母亲也表达了对他的自豪，这些描述都暗示了Nick对在咖啡馆工作感到愉快和自豪。故选C。

【6题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章倒数第二段“Her dream was to create a space to teach people with disabilities. So, across the street, she opened up the Inspiration Studio, where they teach music, life skills, crafts and other classes for people with disabilities.(她的梦想是创建一个空间来教导残疾人。因此，她在街对面开设了“灵感工作室”，在那里为残疾人教授音乐、生活技能、手工艺和其他课程)”可知，Stanko开设“Inspiration Studio”的目的是为了支持残疾人的学习，提供音乐、生活技能、手工艺等课程。故选D。

【7题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章最后一段““I did originally think that So Much To Give was all about Nick and others with different abilities,” she said. “But what I’ve learned through this whole process is that it’s not just about Nick and other people with disabilities. Everybody has so much to give.”(“我最初认为‘给予如此之多’只是为了Nick和其他有不同能力的人，”她说。“但我在整个过程中学到的是，这不仅仅关乎Nick和其他残疾人。每个人都有很多可以给予的东西。”)”可知，Stanko看到了她儿子Nick以及其他残疾人的潜力和能力，她努力为他们创造机会，让他们能够发挥自己的才能。同时，她也从他们的成功中得到了启发，认为每个人都有贡献的潜力。故选D。

**C**

Solar stills (蒸馏器) provide a clever and simple means of cleaning dirty or salty water, but they work at a rather slow rate. A new material has been shown to boost their performance, and it's made from fruit waste which would otherwise be thrown away.

In its most basic form, a conventional solar still contains undrinkable water that is set beneath a cover. The water evaporates (蒸发) as it’s heated by the sun, condensing (凝结) on the inside surface of the cover. That condensation — which is pure, clean water — drops down the cover and is collected in a separate container for drinking.

In order to warm the dirty salty water at a faster rate, scientists have developed materials that float on its surface, turning sunlight into heat. And while those materials have been made from a number of different substances, they commonly use carbon obtained from coal. Seeking a less costly and more eco-friendly alternative, Prof. Edison and colleagues at Singapore’s Nanyang Technological University looked to something that does’t have to be mined and is free for the taking — fruit waste. More specifically, the scientists tried out coconut peels, orange peels and banana peels.

In the process, the fruit waste was heated at 850℃ for a few hours, and mixed with a kind of chemical substance. Doing so transformed the fruit waste into a new material which has a very high light-to-heat transforming efficiency.

When tested, this new material proved to be very potent at transforming sunlight into heat then. And because the material is full of holes, the water steam is able to rise right through it, then condensing on the inside of the still's cover.

Prof. Edison and his team found material obtained from the coconut peels worked best, as it transformed sunlight to heat with an efficiency rate of 94%. They are now developing the technology further, and are seeking industry partners to help with its commercialization.

8. What is the paragraph 2 mainly about?

A. The basic working principle of solar stills. B. The advantages of conventional solar stills.

C. The new materials of building a solar still. D. The different ways of cleaning dirty water.

9. Why did Prof. Edison and his colleagues try out fruit waste as an alternative?

A. To solve the problem of environmental pollution.

B. To find out more eco-friendly materials.

C. To expand the applied range of the solar still.

D. To make solar stills much easier and less costly.

10. What does the underlined word “potent” mean in paragraph 5?

A. Convincing. B. Representative. C. Effective. D. Durable.

11. What is the best title of the text?

A. Transforming sunlight into heat through high-tech

B. Turning fruit waste into water-cleaning material

C. Solar stills are the best way to get drinking water

D. New technology helps solar stills reach the customers

【答案】8. A 9. B 10. C 11. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了太阳能蒸馏器的工作原理及其性能提升的新方法，特别是通过利用水果废弃物制造的新材料来提高其光热转换效率。

【8题详解】

主旨大意题。根据文章第二段“In its most basic form, a conventional solar still contains undrinkable water that is set beneath a cover. The water evaporates (蒸发) as it’s heated by the sun, condensing(凝结) on the inside surface of the cover. That condensation— which is pure, clean water—— drops down the cover and is collected in a separate container for drinking.(在最基本的形式中，传统的太阳能蒸馏器包含一个置于盖子下方的不可饮用水容器。水在太阳的加热下蒸发，然后在盖子的内表面凝结。这种凝结物——纯净、清洁的水——沿着盖子滴落，并被收集到另一个容器中供饮用。)”可知，第二段主要介绍了太阳能蒸馏器的基本工作原理。故选A。

【9题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第三段“Seeking a less costly and more eco-friendly alternative, Prof. Edison and colleagues at Singapore’s Nanyang Technological University looked to something that doesn't have to be mined and is free for the taking — fruit waste.(为了寻找一种成本更低且更环保的替代材料，新加坡南洋理工大学的爱迪生教授及其同事寻找了一种无需开采且可免费获取的材料——水果废弃物)”可知，爱迪生教授和他的同事们尝试使用水果废弃物是为了寻找更多环保的材料。故选B。

【10题详解】

词义猜测题。根据划线单词所在句以及下文“When tested, this new material proved to be very potent at transforming sunlight into heat then. And because the material is full of holes, the water steam is able to rise right through it, then condensing on the inside of the still's cover.(经测试，这种新材料在将阳光转化为热量方面表现得\_\_\_\_\_。并且由于该材料充满孔洞，水蒸气能够直接穿过它，然后在蒸馏器盖子的内表面凝结)”可知，因为新材料充满孔洞，水蒸气能够直接穿过它，然后在蒸馏器盖子的内表面凝结，由此可推测出新材料在将阳光转化为热量方面“有效”，所以划线单词“potent”在此处的意思是“有效的”。选项C“effective(有效的)”与此相符。故选C。

【11题详解】

主旨大意题。根据文章第一段“Solar stills (蒸馏器) provide a clever and simple means of cleaning dirty or salty water, but they work at a rather slow rate. A new material has been shown to boost their performance, and it's made from fruit waste which would otherwise be thrown away. (太阳能蒸馏器提供了一种巧妙而简单的方法来净化脏水或咸水，但其工作效率相当慢。现在，一种新材料已被证明可以提高其性能，而这种材料是由本会被丢弃的水果废弃物制成的)”以及全文内容可知，文章主要介绍了新加坡南洋理工大学的研究人员利用水果废弃物创造了一种新材料，该材料可以使太阳能蒸馏器在将阳光转化为热量方面更加高效，从而用来净化脏水。选项B“Turning fruit waste into water-cleaning material(将水果废弃物转化为净水材料)”准确地概括了文章的主要内容，即研究人员利用水果废弃物创造了一种新材料，该材料可以提高太阳能蒸馏器的效率，从而更有效地清洁脏水或海水。故选B。

**D**

Who doesn’t love a warm, delicious and satisfying meal? Food is what keeps human bodies full of nutrients and it provides the energy needed to go through life. But there is more to eating than just survival. People often use food to bond (建立密切联系) with others through shared meals, food gifts and at celebrations. As the Better Health Channel reports, food is used by people in all countries and cultures around the world as a way to come together and enjoy.

Gathering together with friends and family, or even with strangers, nourishes (滋养) more than our bodies. And what’s interesting is that it’s not necessarily the actual food that makes the meal so important. The social interaction of the meal setting encourages people to pay attention to each other and to connect, *Life Magazine* reports.

So how can people include these important “bonding through food” practices into their lives? Some suggest going out to eat with friends, family members or coworkers bi-monthly or even weekly. Going out to eat or sharing meals with others creates much deeper and more meaningful interactions when compared to other joint activities like watching a movie or TV together.

Research conducted by the University of Oxford showed that people who eat socially are more well adjusted in social and emotional settings and are more likely to feel better about themselves. And although many people eat their meals alone, 76 percent of the people questioned think sharing a meal is a good way to bring people closer.

So why is it that eating with others feels good? A study conducted by the University of Chicago concludes that it is all about trust. According the research, food helps develop trust since eating the same food together with someone else suggests that both parties are willing to bring the same thing into their body. It’s only natural that trust and cooperation are likely to develop as a result of this bonding experience.

12. What is the purpose of sharing meals beyond survival?

A. To provide energy for the body. B. To bring people together socially.

C. To serve as a form of entertainment. D. To celebrate personal achievements.

13. What can we know from the Life Magazine’s reports?

A. Social interaction during meals is significant.

B. Meals are primarily for nutritional purposes.

C. The food itself is the most important aspect.

D. Eating alone is more beneficial than sharing meals.

14. How can people put “bonding through food” into practice?

A. By sharing food gifts more often. B. By watching movies or TV together.

C. By spending more time with the family. D. By eating together with others regularly.

15. Why does sharing meals feel good?

A. It provides a sense of belonging. B. It offers an opportunity for relaxation.

C. It develops trust between individuals. D. It allows for the sharing of diverse opinions.

【答案】12. B 13. A 14. D 15. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要探讨了食物在人类社交中的重要作用，以及如何通过共享食物来建立密切联系和信任。

【12题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第一段“People often use food to bond (建立密切联系) with others through shared meals, food gifts and at celebrations. As the Better Health Channel reports, food is used by people in all countries and cultures around the world as a way to come together and enjoy.(人们常常会通过共同进餐、赠送食物以及在庆祝活动中利用食物来与他人建立密切联系。正如 “健康频道” 所报道的那样，世界各地所有国家和文化中的人们都把食物作为一种相聚一堂、共享欢乐的方式)”可知，人们通过共同进餐等方式利用食物与他人建立密切联系，在世界各国各文化中食物都是一种让人们相聚在一起、共同享受的方式，说明除了维持生存外，共同进餐的目的在于从社交层面把人们聚到一起。故选B。

【13题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章第二段“The social interaction of the meal setting encourages people to pay attention to each other and to connect, *Life* *Magazine* reports.(据《生活》杂志报道，用餐环境中的社交互动促使人们相互关注、彼此联结)”可知，这体现出用餐时的社交互动是很重要的。故选A。

【14题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章第三段“So how can people include these important “bonding through food” practices into their lives? Some suggest going out to eat with friends, family members or coworkers bi-monthly or even weekly.(那么，人们如何将这些通过食物建立密切联系的重要做法融入自己的生活呢？有些人建议每个月两次或者每周与朋友、家人或同事外出就餐)”可知，人们可以通过每月两次或者每周和朋友、家人或者同事外出吃饭，把 “通过食物建立联系” 的做法融入生活，也就是要经常和别人一起吃饭。故选D。

【15题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章最后一段“So why is it that eating with others feels good? A study conducted by the University of Chicago concludes that it is all about trust. According the research, food helps develop trust since eating the same food together with someone else suggests that both parties are willing to bring the same thing into their body.(那么，为什么与他人一起用餐感觉很好呢？芝加哥大学开展的一项研究得出结论，这一切都关乎信任。根据这项研究，食物有助于建立信任，因为与他人一起食用相同的食物意味着双方都愿意将同样的东西摄入体内)”可知，芝加哥大学的一项研究得出结论：与他人一起用餐感觉很好是因为信任。故选C。

**第二节(共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分)**

**根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。**

Studying abroad opens your horizons and allows you to stand out from the crowd when applying for jobs with future employers. Here are the top five advantages of studying abroad.

**Cultural immersion (沉浸)**

Studying abroad gives you the irreplaceable opportunity to immerse yourself in a new culture. \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_ You’ll be able to prove how adaptable you are to future employers.

**Academic excellence**

Gain a globally-recognized education and expand your future career options. \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_ Students often have access to diverse academic opportunities that aren’t available in their home countries. For example, you might be able to contribute to research, or specialize your degree to fit your ambitions.

**Personal growth**

You’ll explore the path you’d like your life to take. You’ll discover yourself. Push yourself out of your comfort zone and see the incredible personal growth you’ll make. Along the way, you might realize you have the power to shape your future. \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_

**Career advancement**

\_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_ Your journey of personal development while achieving academic excellence, proves your capabilities. Living in a new country and adapting to a new environment while studying for a high-quality degree offers an example of your work ethic (道德) to prospective employers.

\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_

Studying abroad can lead to lifelong friendships. There are people who will not only help you experience the best of a new country, but also support you through the demands of university education. You’ll also be able to build valuable professional connections—one of the key benefits of studying abroad which can help you be outstanding in your career journey.

A. Global networking

B. Improved communication skills

C. Studying abroad opens up a world of opportunities.

D. Studying internationally can expose you to different education styles.

E. All of the growth you’ll experience will shine when you come to pursue your dream job.

F. Employers know and value the benefits of employing applicants who have studied abroad.

G. Taste new dishes, explore new cities, and get a matchless first-hand insight into a new way of life.

【答案】16. G 17. D 18. E 19. F 20. A

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。短文介绍了出国留学的五点优势。

【16题详解】

根据上文“Studying abroad gives you the irreplaceable opportunity to immerse yourself in a new culture.(出国留学给了你一个不可替代的机会，让你沉浸在一种新的文化中)”可知，选项承接上文说明沉浸在一种新的文化中可以做什么。故G选项“品尝新菜肴，探索新城市，并获得无与伦比的第一手见解，了解新的生活方式”切题。故选G项。

【17题详解】

根据下文“Students often have access to diverse academic opportunities that aren’t available in their home countries.(学生通常可以获得在本国无法获得的各种学术机会)”可知，选项承接下文说明出国留学获得教育是多样的。故D选项“出国留学可以让你接触到不同的教育方式”切题。different education styles呼应opportunities。故选D项。

【18题详解】

根据上文“Push yourself out of your comfort zone and see the incredible personal growth you’ll make. Along the way, you might realize you have the power to shape your future.(把自己从舒适区推出来，看看你将取得的令人难以置信的个人成长。在这个过程中，你可能会意识到你有能力塑造你的未来)”可知，选项总结上文继续说明个人成长的作用。故E选项“当你追求你梦想的工作时，你将经历的所有成长都会闪耀”切题。故选E项。

【19题详解】

根据标题“Career advancement(职业晋升)”以及根据下文“Your journey of personal development while achieving academic excellence, proves your capabilities.(你个人发展之旅，同时取得卓越的学术成就，证明了你的能力)”可知，选项承接上下文应该说明潜在雇主对国外读书经历的重视。故F选项“雇主知道并重视雇佣有海外留学经历的申请人的好处”切题。故选F项。

【20题详解】

根据下文“You’ll also be able to build valuable professional connections—one of the key benefits of studying abroad which can help you be outstanding in your career journey.(你还可以建立有价值的专业关系，这是出国留学的主要好处之一，可以帮助你在职业生涯中脱颖而出)”可知，本段在说交流和联络的重要性。故A选项“全球网络”切题，为本段的标题。故选A项。

**第三部分 语言运用(共两节，满分30分)**

**第一节(共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)**

**阅读下面短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。**

Ms. McIntyre, who was 38, worked as a publisher in New York City. Five years ago, doctors told her that she had a \_\_\_21\_\_\_ kind of cancer that's usually found in women much older than her. Though doctors treated her, her health got \_\_\_22\_\_\_ . But she realized that, in a way she was \_\_\_23\_\_\_ than some other people. She had insurance to help \_\_\_24\_\_\_ her medical care. But she and her husband knew many people with cancer face \_\_\_25\_\_\_ decisions because of the costs of medical care.

So they began \_\_\_26\_\_\_ money to a group called RIP Medical Debt. This group works to pay off the unpaid medical \_\_\_27\_\_\_ of others. Usually, the group can pay off medical bills for about 100 times less money than they actually cost.

On November 12, Ms. McIntyre passed away. Her husband posted a \_\_\_28\_\_\_ for Ms. McIntyre on her social media accounts. “If you' re reading this, I have passed away,” the post \_\_\_29\_\_\_. Then the post explained, “To celebrate my life, I've \_\_\_\_30\_\_\_\_ to buy up others’ medical debt and then destroy the debt.”

The couple had set up a page on a website to raise money for this \_\_\_\_31\_\_\_\_. Then Ms. McIntyre’ s post attracted a lot of attention. The donations on her web page \_\_\_\_32\_\_\_\_ passed the original goal. In less than a week, the site had raised 10 times more than \_\_\_\_33\_\_\_\_. And the donations are still coming in. Mr. Gregory is planning a special \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_ in December to celebrate Ms. McIntyre's life and to \_\_\_\_35\_\_\_\_ how many millions of dollars of medical debt her efforts have paid for.

21. A. primitive B. extra C. obvious D. serious

22. A. worse B. clearer C. further D. better

23. A. busier B. luckier C. poorer D. richer

24. A. carry out B. look into C. pay for D. pay off

25. A. final B. long C. special D. tough

26. A. transporting B. owing C. absorbing D. donating

27. A. debts B. products C. presents D. impressions

28. A. fact B. message C. report D. story

29. A. began B. continued C. introduced D. suggested

30. A. agreed B. arranged C. hoped D. admitted

31. A. chance B. visa C. duty D. purpose

32. A. exactly B. absolutely C. quickly D. commercially

33 A. expected B. affected C. controlled D. applied

34. A. discussion B. festival C. event D. academy

35. A. publish B. announce C. dominate D. invest

【答案】21. D 22. A 23. B 24. C 25. D 26. D 27. A 28. B 29. A 30. B 31. D 32. C 33. A 34. C 35. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章围绕McIntyre女士身患癌症以及她和丈夫为帮助他人偿还医疗债务所做之事展开叙述，按照时间顺序，依次讲述了McIntyre女士患病、他们向相关组织捐款、McIntyre女士去世后其丈夫发布纪念消息、设立网页筹款以及后续筹款情况和后续计划等内容。

【21题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：五年前，医生告知她患上了一种严重的癌症，而通常得这种癌症的女性年龄都比她大得多。A. primitive原始的；B. extra额外的；C. obvious明显的；D. serious严重的。根据下文“Though doctors treated her, her health got \_\_\_2\_\_\_ .”以及“On November 12, Ms. McIntyre passed away.”可推测，她患上了一种严重的癌症。故选D。

【22题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：尽管医生对她进行了治疗，可她的健康状况却每况愈下。A. worse更糟的；B. clearer更清晰的；C. further更远的、更进一步的；D. better更好的。根据上文“Five years ago, doctors told her that she had a \_\_\_1\_\_\_ kind of cancer that's usually found in women much older than her.”可知，由于她所患的癌症很严重，所以尽管得到了治疗，她的健康状况却每况愈下。故选A。

【23题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：但她意识到，从某种程度上来说，自己比其他一些人要幸运。A. busier更忙的；B. luckier更幸运的；C. poorer更贫穷的；D. richer更富有的。根据下文“She had insurance to help \_\_\_4\_\_\_ her medical care.”可知，她认为自己有医保，已经是比其他人更幸运。故选B。

【24题详解】

考查动词短语词义辨析。句意：因为她有保险来支付自己的医疗费用。A. carry out实施、执行；B. look into调查；C. pay for付款；D. pay off偿还、取得成功。根据空前“She had insurance”以及空后的“her medical care”可推测，她有保险支付自己的医疗费用。故选C。

【25题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：不过，她和丈夫知道，很多癌症患者由于医疗费用的问题，面临着艰难的抉择。A. final最终的；B. long长的；C. special特别的；D. tough艰难的。根据空后的“because of the costs of medical care”以及常理可知，没有保险的癌症患者会因为费用问题面临是否治疗的抉择，这是生死的抉择，因此是艰难的抉择。故选D。

【26题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：于是，他们开始向一个名为“RIP Medical Debt”的组织捐款。A. transporting运输；B. owing拥有；C. absorbing吸收；D. donating捐赠。根据下文“To celebrate my life, I've \_\_\_10\_\_\_ to buy up others’ medical debt and then destroy the debt.”可推测，他们是向这个组织捐款。故选D。

【27题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：该组织致力于帮他人还清未付的医疗债务。A. debts债务；B. products产品；C. presents礼物；D. impressions印象。根据下文“Usually, the group can pay off medical bills for about 100 times less money than they actually cost.”可知，这个组织是帮助其他人还债务。故选A。

【28题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：她的丈夫在她的社交媒体账号上为她发布了一则消息。A. fact事实；B. message信息；C. report报道；D. story故事。根据下文““If you' re reading this, I have passed away,” the post \_\_\_9\_\_\_ . Then the post explained, “To celebrate my life, I've \_\_\_10\_\_\_ to buy up others’ medical debt and then destroy the debt.””可知，她丈夫在社交媒体账号上为她发布了一则消息。故选B。

【29题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：消息开头写道：“如果你正在读这则消息，那说明我已经离世了。”A. began开始；B. continued继续；C. introduced介绍；D. suggested建议。根据下文“Then the post explained, “To celebrate my life, I've \_\_\_10\_\_\_ to buy up others’ medical debt and then destroy the debt.”可知，消息的开头这样写道。故选A。

【30题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：接着解释道：“为了纪念我的一生，我已经安排好买下他人的医疗债务，然后将这些债务一笔勾销。”A. agreed同意；B. arranged安排；C. hoped希望；D. admitted承认、允许进入。根据下文“The couple had set up a page on a website to raise money for this \_\_\_11\_\_\_.”可知，他们已经安排好一切了，要为别人还债务。故选B。

【31题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：这对夫妇此前在一个网站上设立了一个页面，以此为这个目的筹集资金。A. chance机会；B. visa签证；C. duty责任；D. purpose目的。根据上文“To celebrate my life, I've \_\_\_10\_\_\_ to buy up others’ medical debt and then destroy the debt.”可知，空处指的是上文提到的为别人还清债务这一目的。故选D。

【32题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：她网页上的捐款很快就超过了最初的目标。A. exactly确切地；B. absolutely绝对地；C. quickly快速地；D. commercially商业地。根据下文“In less than a week, the site had raised 10 times more than \_\_\_13\_\_\_ .”可知，捐款额很快就超过了预期。故选C。

33题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：不到一周的时间，该网站筹集到的资金就比预期多出了十倍，而且捐款还在源源不断地涌来。A. expected期待；B. affected影响；C. controlled控制；D. applied应用、运用。根据空前的“10 times”以及上文所说的“The donations on her web page \_\_\_12\_\_\_ passed the original goal.”可推测，该网站筹集到的资金就比预期多出了十倍。故选A。

【34题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：Gregory先生计划在 12 月举办一场特别活动，以纪念McIntyre女士的一生，并宣布她的努力已经为他人支付了数百万美元的医疗债务。A. discussion讨论；B. festival节日；C. event事件、活动；D. academy学院。根据空后的“to celebrate Ms. McIntyre's life and to \_\_\_15\_\_\_ how many millions of dollars of medical debt her efforts have paid for.”可推测，Gregory先生计划在 12 月举办一场特别活动。故选C。

35题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：Gregory先生计划在 12 月举办一场特别活动，以纪念McIntyre女士的一生，并宣布她的努力已经为他人支付了数百万美元的医疗债务。A. publish出版；B. announce宣布；C. dominate支配；D. invest投资。根据空后“how many millions of dollars of medical debt her efforts have paid for.”可知，空后是他打算宣布的事情。故选B。

**第二节(共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分)**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Yang Huade, a distinguished agricultural expert from Sichuan, China, \_\_\_36\_\_\_ (lead) the Chinese senior agricultural expert group in Burundi since 2015, making significant \_\_\_37\_\_\_ (contribute) to the country's food security, and eco-friendly agricultural development.

His efforts have \_\_\_38\_\_\_ (dramatic) increased rice yields from an average of 3 tons per hectare (公顷) to 10, \_\_\_39\_\_\_ achievement that earned him the honored“National Meritorious Achievement Award” from the President of Burundi.

“Weak infrastructure (基础设施) \_\_\_40\_\_\_ outdated agricultural techniques made it hard for Burundi to achieve self-sufficiency in agricultural products,” said Yang. To solve the problem, the expert team cooperated with local departments \_\_\_41\_\_\_ (establish) a hybrid rice demonstration production investment fund. Beyond financial support, the expert team placed emphasis on \_\_\_42\_\_\_ (provide) technical training to farmers, \_\_\_43\_\_\_ received training in each planting phase (阶段).

His work has not only provided \_\_\_44\_\_\_ (effect) solutions to food shortage but has also laid the foundation for long-term agricultural growth in Burundi. For his achievements, Yang Huade \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_(select) as one of the“Touching China 2023 Annual Figures.”

【答案】36. has led

37. contributions

38. dramatically

39. an 40. and

41. to establish

42. providing

43. who 44. effective

45. was selected

【解析】

【导语】本文为一篇人物传记。文章围绕农业专家杨华德展开，介绍了其工作，以及他所取得的成就以及获得的荣誉。

【36题详解】

考查谓语动词。句意：杨华德，一位来自中国四川的杰出农业专家，自 2015 年起率领中国援布隆迪高级农业专家组，为该国的粮食安全以及生态友好型农业发展做出了重大贡献。空处为本句谓语动词；根据时间状语“since 2015”可知，本句时态为现在完成时；主语为“Yang Huade”，单数，谓语动词用第三人称单数形式。故填has led。

【37题详解】

考查名词。句意：杨华德，一位来自中国四川的杰出农业专家，自 2015 年起率领中国援布隆迪高级农业专家组，为该国的粮食安全以及生态友好型农业发展做出了重大贡献。空处为名词的复数担当宾语，构成短语：make contributions to，意为“对……做出贡献”，符合句意。故填contributions。

【38题详解】

考查副词。句意：他的努力使得水稻产量从平均每公顷 3 吨大幅提高到 10 吨，这一成就为他赢得了布隆迪总统授予的 “国家功勋成就奖”。考查修饰动词“increase”用副词形式。故填dramatically。

【39题详解】

考查冠词。句意：他的努力使得水稻产量从平均每公顷 3 吨大幅提高到 10 吨，这一成就为他赢得了布隆迪总统授予的 “国家功勋成就奖”。修饰名词单数achievement，表示泛指，用不定冠词；空后单词achievement为元音音素开头，用an。故填an。

【40题详解】

考查连词。句意：杨华德表示：“薄弱的基础设施以及落后的农业技术使得布隆迪很难实现农产品的自给自足。”空前“Weak infrastructure”和空后“outdated agricultural techniques”之间为并列关系，用连词“and”连接。故填and。

【41题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：为解决这一问题，专家组与当地部门合作，设立了杂交水稻示范生产投资基金。非谓语动词担当目的状语，用动词不定式形式。故填to establish。

【42题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：除了资金支持外，专家组还着重为农民提供技术培训，农民在种植的各个阶段都能接受培训。非谓语动词担当介词“on”后的宾语，用动名词形式。故填providing。

【43题详解】

考查定语从句。句意同上。空处为定语从句的关系词；先行词为“farmers”，在非限制性定语从句中担当主语，用关系代词who引导。故填who。

【44题详解】

考查形容词。句意：他的工作不仅为粮食短缺问题提供了有效的解决办法，还为布隆迪农业的长期发展奠定了基础。空处为形容词形式effective修饰名词solutions，意为“有效的”。故填effective。

【45题详解】

考查谓语动词。句意：因其所取得的成就，杨华德入选 “感动中国 2023 年度人物”。空处为本句谓语动词，根据句意可知，本句时态为一般过去时；主语为“Yang Huade”，单数，和动词“select”之间为被动关系，所以用一般过去时的被动语态。故填was selected。

**第四部分 写作(共两节，满分40分)**

**第一节(满分15分)**

46. 假定你是李华，一个月前参加了“Healthy Life”杂志社组织的“健康生活方式选择”主题夏令营活动。请你给该杂志社编辑写封信反馈你参加夏令营前后的变化，内容包括：

1.之前的困扰；

2.采取的行动；

3.收获和感受。

注意：

1.写作词数应为80左右；

2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Editor,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours truly,

Li Hua

【答案】Dear Eiditor,

As I took part in the summer camp about health and lifestyle choices, I started to analyze them seriously, especially playing games, the unhealthy way I relaxed myself, and its effects on my life.

A month ago, I felt stressed out and always relaxed with computer games day and night. Playing was fun, but I felt even more worn out afterwards! After the camp, I realized that it was time to adjust my lifestyle by finding other ways to relax. Rock climbing and playing basketball were the things I thought of doing instead. Though it was a big struggle, I made it with great determination.

After a month of trying out, I feel more energetic now. I believe that I can change myself for the better.

Yours truly,

Li Hua

【解析】

【导语】本篇书面表达属于应用文。要求考生给该杂志社编辑写封信反馈一下参加夏令营前后的变化。

【详解】1.词汇积累

参加：take part in →participate in

影响：effect →impact

焦虑不安的：stressed out →anxious

意识到：realize →be aware

2.句式拓展

句式转换

原句：Though it was a big struggle, I made it with great determination.

拓展句：Big struggle though it was, I made it with great determination.

【点睛】【高分句型1】As I took part in the summer camp about health and lifestyle choices, I started to analyze them seriously, especially playing games, the unhealthy way I relaxed myself, and its effects on my life.（运用了as引导的时间状语从句）

【高分句型2】Rock climbing and playing basketball were the things I thought of doing instead.（运用了动名词短语作主语和省略了关系代词的定语从句）

**第二节(满分25分)**

47. 阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

No parent ever pictures having to rely on our child for lifesaving help, but sometimes these things are beyond what we can control, and we can only hope and pray that our kids would have what it takes to rise to the occasion.

A mom and dad in Oklahoma must be especially proud of their little boy after he rose to the occasion with rare and praiseworthy courage when their lives were in danger. His quick thinking and heroism were larger than life and well beyond what you’d expect for his years.

The story began when tornadoes hit the area of Marietta, Oklahoma, at the end of April. Wayne Baker, a husband and father who lives in the area, noticed an odd stillness in the air. He didn’t hesitate, gathering his wife, Lindy, and their son, nine-year-old Branson, jumped in their truck and headed for a neighbor’s storm shelter.

But on the way there, the tornado, like a fierce beast of nature, caught up with them with howling winds and spinning (旋转的) cloud. In a second, a massive tree was lifted from the earth and hurled (猛扔) towards their truck, destroying the vehicle like a fragile toy. Wayne and Lindy were badly injured and trapped at the scene: Wayne Baker’s back, neck and arm were broken. He also lost part of a finger. Lindy Baker’s back, neck, jaw, ribs (肋骨), and right hand were broken. She went through the windshield and remained halfway into the vehicle and halfway out. It was pretty horrible.

Thankfully, young Branson was uninjured in the backseat, and it became his mission to save his parents. This little boy had escaped death just moments before. Most of us (of any age) wouldn’t want to take a single step in such conditions. Yet with all these scary things around him, somehow nine-year-old Branson found the strength to go for help.

注意：

1.续写词数应为150个左右；

2.请按如下格式在答题纸的相应位置作答。

Despite the chaos and danger, he managed to climb out of the broken car.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

When Branson explained the situation, they immediately sprang into action.

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【答案】

*Despite the chaos and danger, he managed to climb out of the broken car.* The wind howled around him, and debris flew through the air, but Branson knew he couldn’t give in to fear. His parents were counting on him. He stumbled through the mud and rain, desperately searching for help. Finally, he reached his neighbors’ house and banged on the door with all his might.

*When Branson explained the situation, they immediately sprang into action.* They pulled open the door, their faces etched with concern as Branson, soaked and trembling, told them about the accident. Without hesitation, they called 911. Soon, sirens wailed in the distance, and the emergency services arrived. Working quickly, they carefully extracted Wayne and Lindy from the wreckage. Branson watched, his small chest swelling with relief as his parents were carried into waiting ambulances. He had faced the storm and, through his courage, saved his parents’ lives.

【解析】

【导语】本文以人物为线索展开，讲述了俄克拉何马州遭龙卷风袭击，Baker一家遇袭，由于父母重伤被困，9 岁的Branson勇敢爬出寻救，最终成功救父母的故事。

【详解】1.段落续写：

①由第一段首句内容“尽管周遭一片混乱且危险重重，他还是设法从那辆破损的车里爬了出来。”以及第二段首句内容“当Branson说明了情况后，邻居们立刻行动起来。”可知，第一段可描写Branson在一片混乱之中，成功来到了邻居家。

②由第二段首句内容“当Branson说明了情况后，邻居们立刻行动起来。”可知，第二段可描写邻居在Branson讲述情况后，立即展开了救援活动，并成功救下了Branson的父母。

2.续写线索：危险重重，但Branson从车里爬出来——Branson知道自己必须勇敢——艰难前行，来到邻居家——所有邻居行动起来——拨打911——Branson很自豪

3.词汇激活

行为类

①指望：count on/depend on

②寻找：search for/seek for

③拨打：call/dial

情绪类

①担忧：concerned/worry

② 缓解：relief/easement

【点睛】【高分句型1】The wind howled around him, and debris flew through the air, but Branson knew he couldn’t give in to fear.（运用了省略引导词that引导的宾语从句）

【高分句型2】Branson watched, his small chest swelling with relief as his parents were carried into waiting ambulances.（运用了as引导的状语从句）